Outline and Final Paper Pre-Planning

Your Name (First M. Last)

Course Number & Title

Instructor’s Name

Date

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Thesis Statement

 The focus of the study is to critically analyze the importance of Civil Right Act of 1964 and its role in the U.S. Constitution through the consideration of different forms of public policy, checks and balance, media, voting and election structure of the country.

Outline

 The phenomenon of the Civil Rights Act of 1964 is a significant example of the practical measures when it comes to the idea of banning discrimination and segregation in the country (Stewart, 2014). This specific public policy is intended to effectively deal with the issue of employment discrimination due to the features of race, color, religion, sex, etc. (Wright, 2015). The civil right movement recognized as the foundation to formulate and execute the idea of the Civil Right Act of 1964 that ultimately strongly influenced the entire prospect of public policy (Andrews & Gaby, 2015).

 Comprehensive assessment of different components linked with the Civil Right Act of 1964 makes it easy to figure out the importance of this particular event. It is worthy to illustrate that there are many different aspects which are closely associated with the facet of proper planning and the establishment of the concept of the Civil Right Act of 1964. Checks and balance, media, voting, and election, are some prominent factors that are connected with the public implications of the concept of the Civil Right Act of 1964. The approach of checks and balance is integral as the legal outlook to determine the actual and successful form of the Civil Right Act of 1964 (McClain, 2015). The factor of media also strongly influenced the interpretation of the public policy appeared in the form of the Civil Right Act of 1964 (Heitzeg, 2015).

 The consequences of the Civil Right Act of 1964 appeared in the form of the voting and election structure of the country. This specific act dramatically changed the conventional legal right of voting for the citizens based on any form of discrimination or biasedness (Aiken, Salmon, & Hanges, 2013). The Voting Right Act of 1965 is strongly influenced by the adoption of the constitutional paradigm of the Civil Right Act of 1964.

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