Behavioral Treatments of the Sex Offenders

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The majority of sentenced sex reprobates are ultimately released back in societies. There is a need to analyze how female sexual offenders are processed and treated in the communities. Though sexual reoffending is a situation that can certainly not be elucidated, certain encouraging techniques are available by which its influence on the communities and the offender can de declined (“How Female Sexual Offenders Are Perceived Criminology Essay,” n.d.). Using cognitive interactive therapy and other interferences for sexual criminals, a certain proportion of decrease in sexual reoffending can be guaranteed. Cognitive interactive therapy has reliably stayed effective management for countless of mental diseases and illnesses (Moster, Wnuk, & Jeglic, 2008). It is important to present potential challenges that are encountered in the course of decreasing female sexual recidivism. It is also significant to comprehend how these offenders are been treated among communities and similarly, how media portray these offenders publically.

Sexual violence is not attributable to discrete psychological factors and social status, it is a stereotype of the entire community and society. Social and philosophical factors are also linked with the manifestation of sexual violence. These societies can protect and release offenders in the communities without management and treatment (“How Female Sexual Offenders Are Perceived Criminology Essay,” n.d.). It is a culture that prevails in societies and communities which entails an appropriate awareness to halt the release of sexual offenders in the communities without cognitive therapies. It is also significant to observe the justice system in how it treats and responds to sex offenders. The children and women are the core victims of sexual violence. However, studies have shown that females are the utmost victims worldwide. All-inclusive figures stipulate that 2% of the victims are men, and 75% are females. Females' offending violence against children accounts for only 5 %. These statistics burden up a fact that the females are the most vulnerable amongst all victims. There is a need for effective management to control these offenders and to stop violence against women in societies.

The lover/teacher relationships are often neglected and the association is not used as an offense and crime. This kind of stereotype commits violence and creates less harm to the partner and does not recognize it as a crime. These offenders are open in societies and communities. These types of offenders are depicted as a relationship and the issue is not been raised as a crime. The predisposed kind of offenders use children and adults for a longer period for their sexual pleasure and do not recognize it as a crime. They are mostly females and sometimes males also use children to fulfill their sexual desire. The abuse is committed against the child will and it is more common in females working in the daycares. The male-coerced woman criminal commits abuse first in the company of their male. They will usually validate great emotional addiction and subservient behavior to the male. It has been recommended that this kind of woman criminal accounts for the major proportion of female child sexual offenders. In history, the studies have revealed that child abuse was only committed by males. Currently, studies have suggested that females are also responsible and are involved in sexual abuse against children (“How Female Sexual Offenders Are Perceived Criminology Essay,” n.d.).

Females are usually considered as the caring and cultivation of civilized society but recently it has been evaluated that females are also involved in this dirty crime. Most females use this way of offense to please their male-dominant partners. The female sex offenders are often released in the societies considering them as normal persons. Media is equally responsible for taking the light and insignificant. Cognitive-behavioral therapy is a way of treating and managing an individual's behaviors. It modifies one's behavior in terms of adopting healthy and positive attitudes. It also amends the negative behaviors of the persons by replacing them with modified behavior. However, cognitive behavior therapy is a consistent therapy that requires a regular and constant follow-up for acquiring modified behaviors (Moster et al., 2008). This behavior therapy is based on human cognitive characteristics. The way a person infers a reflection depicts its nature or cognitive philosophy. This helps in the identification of the positive and negative side of a person. Using these interferences, specialists or physical therapists treats and manages their patient (Moster, Wnuk, & Jeglic, 2008).

Prediction of human behavior is a complex procedure that requires suitable therapy to perpetuate it. The reflection of offensive and criminal thinking is associated with negative outcomes and negative behaviors (Moster et al., 2008). This entails long-term therapy to modify and adopt innovative behaviors. The offenders and the criminals require cognitive therapy to improve their conducts especially the management of self-support and self-control. Offenders are treated in a way that they are responsible for their views and emotions. Self-control management therapies are introduced along with cognitive therapy for the management of offenders. However, most of the offenders are not even sent for rehabilitation therapies. Mass media and channels have not portrayed female sex offenders as criminals. There is a need to realize them as an offender and the criminal justice system has to rethink while sending them in the societies and communities. The criminal justice system should have implemented and recommend the consistent cognitive therapy treatment and management strategies for these offenders before sending them in the societies. The reoffending behavior is only stoppable and preventable by utilizing suitable behavioral therapies of the offenders.

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