Reflective Journal 1: Ethics and Integrity

[Author Name(s), First M. Last, Omit Titles and Degrees]

There is a close relationship between the criminal justices and the ethics. The ethics principles in criminal justice include such general principles of morality as humanism - the recognition of man as the highest value and altruism. The principles that characterize the essence of a particular morality, there are so-called formal principles, already related to the methods of fulfilling moral requirements. Such are, for example, consciousness and its opposite formalism, fetishism, fatalism, fanaticism, dogmatism. Principles of this kind do not define the content of specific norms of behavior, but also characterize a certain morality, showing how consciously moral requirements are fulfilled.

The relationship between morality and ethics is one of the important aspects of studying these social phenomena, which is of particular interest to criminal justices. Historically, the subject of ethics has changed significantly. It began to take shape as a school for educating a person, teaching his virtues, was considered and viewed (by religious ideologists) as a call for a person to fulfill divine covenants that ensure the immortality of the individual.

Ethics as a science serves the social and economic progress of society, the assertion in it of the principles of humanism and justice. It is viewed as the doctrine of unquestionable duty and methods of its implementation, as the science of the formation of the "new man" - the disinterested builder of an absolutely fair social order, etc.