A Strong Central Government

Your Name (First M. Last)

Date

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The central government is recognized as one of the most important pillars of the state to establish the effective approach of administration. It is important to understand that strong central government is the foundation of the effective formulation and implementation of the policies at both federal and state level (Robertson, 2013). It is viable for the federal and states governments to effectively align their line of action to maintain the desired form of a strong central government. The federalist system is adopted in the country to maintain the balanced form of authority between central and local governments. Here the particular aim is to critically analyze the balance of power in the federal system of the United States of America.

The role of federalism is central to attain better consideration of the public administration of the country. The specific element of the balance of power between the entities of federal and state governments is a critical phenomenon to make better inferences about the actual role of the central government of the country. The reality of the administrative paradigm of the country reveals that the central government of the country is never characterized as the strong central government. This specific perspective can observe through different domains or the facet of the practical implication of the policies at different levels. It is important to determine the role of Washington as the central government referring to the approach of the strong authority (Wilson & Lippmann, 2012). Assessment of the balance of power between different shareholders ultimately helps to make inferences about the role of Washington as the central government of the country.

The phenomenon of the balance of power exists between the two interest holders recognized as federal and the state governments of the United States of America. Both these entities of a great form of interest referring to the idea of power distribution. The prospect of Washington as the strong central government can better determine concerning to its greater power to implement national policy at country level. It is worthy to mention that the idea of federalism based on the transformation of power at different levels. Shared power is the one main concern relevant to the administrative system of federalism. It is identified as the idea contradictory to the centralized approach for the federal government (Döring & Schnellenbach, 2011). Proper implementation of the federalist administrative system makes it difficult for Washington to dictate national policy effectively and efficiently.

The amendments in the constitution are adopted to ensure the balanced approach of power sharing between the federal government of Washington DC and the governments of states. 10th amendment in the constitution is one clear example that guarantees the power-sharing between federal and state governments. This form of consideration also decreases the ultimate autonomy of the federal government of the country (Gerstle, 2010). There is one proper legal system that protects the state government when it comes to the idea of override state policies by the federal government of Washington DC. Proper intervention and the adoption of the constitutional process is mandatory to determine the approach of the authority of the federal government through policy creation and implementation.

In conclusion, it is imperative to indicate that the existence and consideration of both the entities of federal and state governments are essential to establish a strong central government. The balance of power ultimately determines the available authorities for all the stakeholders according to the constitution of the country. Some specific legal spheres give the strong legal authority to the central government of Washington DC under the umbrella of the constitution of the country. There is a need for an adequate level of expertise at both federal and state level to handle various and critical point of concerns effectively.

References

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