Quantum Cosmology Reading

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The Kolak and Quantum theory state that there was nothing in the beginning before the Big Bang. There was no time, matter or energy, thus, no universe. There were many question which aroused relating to this theory, such as how can there be stability when there was nothing existing. The boundaries between something and nothing in the universe are the event horizons of black holes. There was something which existed in the universe on which it was held. Otherwise there would be nothing. That thing was called gravity. Gravity holds the universe from the start.

The Anthropic principle is used in debates between creationists and scientific materialists. Some scientists are atheists and some believe in God and the cosmic mystery. Monism means there is only one type of entity which exists and that's called material. Dualism says there is an addition to the material entity, called supernatural, which exists along with the material world. People with these different beliefs use this principle.

Transcendental Idealism is the term applied by German philosopher, Immanuel Kant. Kant says that transcendental idealism believes in constructing knowledge out of sense and from universal concepts. The concept of absolute idealism was introduced by the philosopher Hegel. This concept tells about individualism, and an individual cannot rely on anyone or anything. An individual can be anything, a person, an object or material. Einstein and Bohr argue on this theory as Einstein has a realistic view of the nature of reality and Bohr thinks more scientifically.

The oldest answer to the biggest question was God. The reason of something rather than nothing is because God created it. God always existed and God is eternal. Kolak had religious beliefs and on his journey of getting answers, he found God and began his journey as a philosopher rather than a scientist like Einstein and Bohr.